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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/502,627	02/11/2000	Martin Tobias	53326-018	5454
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McDermott Will & Emery 3150 Porter Dr. Palo Alto, CA 94304-1212			EXAMINER	
			MUHEBBULLAH, SAJEDA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2174	
			DATE MAILED: 06/13/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicati n No.	Applicant(s)			
_		09/502,627	TOBIAS ET AL.			
•	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Sajeda Muhebbullah	2174			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the co	correspondence address			
Period fo	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL	VIS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH	(S) FROM			
THE I - External after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any I	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR. six (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replaced for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statulely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		nely filed is will be considered timely. It the mailing date of this communication. ID (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)□	•	his action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow		rosecution as to the merits is			
,	closed in accordance with the practice unde ion of Claims	r Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	453 O.G. 213.			
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application	on.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.				
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		,			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.				
• •	ion Papers					
, —	The specification is objected to by the Examin		minor			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
ויו ו	If approved, corrected drawings are required in r		ovod by the Examinon			
12\□	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E					
,—	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	an priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1196	a)-(d) or (f).			
-	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	gri priority united the every griff				
a)	1. Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received.				
			tion No			
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 					
* (application from the International E See the attached detailed Office action for a list	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
15)[_	a) The translation of the foreign language p Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	rovisional application has been re stic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 12	ceived. 0 and/or 121.			
Attachmer						
2) Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 6 recites the limitation "the customer" in line 5. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Appropriate corrections are required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily

published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

5. Claims 1-2, 5, 10-11 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wiser et al. ("Wiser", US 6,385,596).

As per claim 1, Wiser teaches a method for providing encoded media content over a network, the method comprising the computer-implemented steps of:

receiving over the network a first request to encode a media program file in one or more encoding formats, wherein the first request is received from an end-user client that is connected to the network (col.10, lines 51-55);

in response to receiving the first request, servicing the first request by automatically generating one or more encoded media files by encoding the media program in the one or more encoding formats (col.7, lines 4-14), and

after encoding the media program in the one or more encoding formats, automatically hosting the one or more encoded media files on a hosting server (col.9, lines 39-45) in response to receiving from the end-user client a second request to host the one or more encoded media files, wherein the hosting server is configured to allow selective access to the one or more encoded media files over the network (col.9, lines 46-47).

As per claim 2, Wiser teaches the method wherein the selective access includes access given to the end-user client and which allows the end-user client to manipulate the one or more encoded media files (col.27, lines 1-4).

As per claim 5, Wiser teaches the method wherein the selective access includes access given to an end-user client of the network and which allows the end-user client to

receive a publication of at least one of the one or more encoded media files in response to a request by the end-user client to receive the publication (col.11, lines 51-56).

Claims 10-11 and 14 are similar in scope to claims 1-2 and 5 respectively, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 3-4 and 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wiser et al. ("Wiser", US 6,385,596).

As per claim 3, Wiser teaches the organization of encoded media files into lists. However, Wiser does not specifically disclose the method allowing an end-user to create a tree structure directory for organizing the encoded media files. Official Notice is given that using a tree structure directory to organize files is well known in the art. It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include the method of organizing the files into a tree structure directory with Wiser's method as a matter of organization preference and an improved method of locating files efficiently.

As per claim 4, Wiser teaches the step of providing real-time reporting of statistics on the one or more encoded media files that are hosted at the hosting server (col.11, lines 51-56). Furthermore, Wiser suggests the end-user to be able to manage the media files (col.27, lines 3-4). However, Wiser fails to teach the step of allowing an end-user through entering commands at the end-user client to dynamically determine

whether to remove the one or more encoded media files from publication. Official Notice is given that file management to include operations to add/remove is well known in the art. It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include the removal operation with Wiser's method so that the end-user is able to remove files that are no longer of interest thereby being cost effective.

Claims 12-13 are similar in scope to claims 3-4 respectively, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

8. Claims 6 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wiser et al. ("Wiser", US 6,385,596) in view of Sauerwine (US 5,421,620).

As per claim 6, Wiser teaches the step of causing a user interface to be displayed at the end-user client, wherein the user interface allows entry of encoding requests and allows uploading of the media program from the customer client to a server over the network (col.20, lines 65-67; col.21, lines 1-2). However, Wiser fails to teach the step of providing to the end-user an encoding request form through the user interface, wherein the encoding request form includes a mailing bar code. Sauerwine teaches a method of creating a mailer business form having a mailing bar code (fig.1, *mailing bar code 136*). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include Sanerwine's teaching with Wiser's method in order to provide the option of mailing the media file associated with a bar code for tracking the file.

Claim 15 is similar in scope to claim 6, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

9. Claims 7-8 and 16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wiser et al. ("Wiser", US 6,385,596) in view of Vigneaux et al. ("Vigneaux", US 5,852,435).

As per claims 7-8, although Wiser teaches the control of managing files, Wiser fails to teach the control of the design of the files. Vigneaux teaches a multimedia editing system providing automated online design control, wherein the design control comprises the control of one or more of sequencing of segments of the one or more encoded media files; selection of music for each segment of the one or more encoded media files; and alteration of the segments of the one or more encoded media files, wherein the segments of the one or more encoded media files comprise two or more slides, frames, or video clips (col.9, lines 1-6). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include Vigneaux's teaching with Wiser's method in order to allow the user to arrange the media file to the user's viewing preference.

Claims 16-17 are similar in scope to claims 7-8 respectively, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

10. Claims 9 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wiser et al. ("Wiser", US 6,385,596) in view of Candelore (US 6,057,872).

As per claim 9, Wiser teaches the purchasing of media files. However, Wiser fails to teach the purchasing of credits for each transaction. Candelore teaches a credit purchasing system, wherein credits are purchased by an end-user; a predetermined number of credits are associated with each e-commerce transaction associated with the comprehensive remote servicing of the media program; and pricing of credits are inversely proportionate to a number of credits purchased (col.1, lines 65-67; col.9, lines

10-15). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include Candelore's teaching with Wiser's method in order to provide a method of purchasing media files whereby continuous users are provided a discount for their loyalty to the service thereby providing incentive for users to purchase many credits.

Claim 18 is similar in scope to claim 9, and is therefore rejected under similar rationale.

Conclusion

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- Sparks et al. (US 6,298,385) teaches a method of changing the format of multimedia files being transmitted over a network.
- Hoffert et al. (US 6,374,260) teaches a method of uploading media files and transcoding the files from one format to another.

Inquiries

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sajeda Muhebbullah whose telephone number is (703) 305-3989. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 7:00 am to 4:00 pm (EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine Kincaid, can be reached on (703) 308-0640.

The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follows:

- (703) 746-7238 [After Final Communication]
- (703) 746-7239 [Official Communication]
- (703) 746-7240 [For status inquiries, Draft Communication]

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Sajeda Muhebbullah Patent Examiner June 6, 2002 KRISTINE KINCAID
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100